

JESSE O. THOMAS, Editor.
OFFICE—CORNER RADCLIFFE AND WALNUT STS.
TO READERS AND CORRESPONDENTS.
This Gazette will be pleased to receive all communications upon current topics. Anonymous communications, however, cannot be published. In all cases the writer's name is required, not for publication as a guarantee of good faith.

No subscription continued after expiration of time paid for.
THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1891.

SUGAR has gone down in price two cents a pound. Charge it to the McKinley Tariff Bill.

HOUSES are going up in all sections of the town, factories are being enlarged, and a general era of prosperity has set in. Charge it to the McKinley Tariff Bill.

Liquor dealers control the English House of Lords. One thousand five hundred and thirty-nine rum shops are owned by British peers, who, nevertheless, are constantly making speeches deprecating the growing tendency of the English masses to drunkenness.

PRINTERS assert that typewritten copy is not such a pleasure to them as some persons suppose. They say it is a "positive relief" to get a manuscript legibly written on white paper with good ink. If the printers can help it, handwriting will not become a lost art, though it has been somewhat threatened of late.

NEW YORK may possibly succeed in erecting the promised monument to the memory of General U. S. Grant, now that the bill which was introduced in the legislature of that State appropriating \$500,000 of the direct tax fund for that purpose, is passed. It is almost time the monument was erected, as the delay has been unwarranted and disgraceful. Had the remains of General Grant been interred in almost any other city in the country a suitable monument would have long since been erected.

GREAT BRITAIN and Spain have promptly followed the example of France in accepting the invitation of the United States to send exhibits to the Chicago Fair. The manufacturers of Germany will hold an important conference at Berlin on April 2 for the purpose of arranging for an adequate German representation at the fair. The free trade papers that prophesied so loudly that our tariff would keep all foreign nations from being represented at Chicago in 1893 are maintaining a very becoming silence on that subject just at present.

The bill which recently passed the Maine House of Representatives, providing for the punishment of any one who shall by force or intimidation endeavor to prevent others from entering or remaining in any man's employ, is a just one, and is a measure which will undoubtedly be beneficial in its effects. The right of a person to give up his employment when he desires is conceded, but when that person by threats endeavors to prevent any one from filling the position he has vacated, he infringes upon the rights of that person, who is entitled to the protection of the law in taking the position.

The recall of Baron Fava, the Italian Minister at Washington, by the Italian Government, is a piece of diplomatic bluster which will but reflect upon the discretion and wisdom of King Humbert's Cabinet. If Italy were dealing with some small country this little game of bluff might work, but the United States of America is too large to feel aught but amusement at the action of Premier Rudini. War with this nation is a pastime Italy dare not think of. The addition of Italy to the European triple alliance is all that deterred France and Russia from attacking Germany, and, now that those two countries are reported to have formed an alliance, Italy would not dare to send either her troops or naval armament abroad, else the triple alliance would be at the mercy of France and Germany. Secretary Blaine has made a firm, dignified answer to the letter of Baron Fava, and if he persists in that course, as he undoubtedly will, the most to be dreaded would be the entire severance of diplomatic relations between the two countries. Such action would perhaps put a stop to Italian immigration, which is becoming entirely too numerous and would be heartily welcomed. Therefore let the Italian Government vent puerile rage as it sees fit, this country need apprehend no danger from it.

AMONG the annoyances, one might almost say dangers, which threaten the people of these United States, the tenets and teachings of anarchism are the ones which are deserving of the strictest surveillance of the authorities of this country. The peculiar, and to the American mind, repugnant teachings of these foreign fanatics are to be dreaded, as the inevitable result of the exercise by these people of the right to condemn the form of government under which we exist, leads to a contempt for it, and incites them to take more privileges than should justly be given them. The constitution protects men in the right of free speech, but should not be so construed as to mean that the lawless and incendiary mutterings of these people should be

allowed. There would be nothing grave about the aspects of the case were the Anarchistic army dependent upon the inhabitants of this country for its recruits. The real danger lies in the fact that, with but few exceptions, the entire number is composed of foreigners, men who have availed themselves of the protection and privileges of our free institutions, but who endeavor to annihilate and destroy them when the occasion offers. Self-preservation is not only the first law of nature, but should be the first consideration of nations as well. In view of this fact the people of this country should demand of their representatives in Congress that our institutions shall be protected from such dangers as menace them from this source by placing such restrictions upon immigration as are necessary.

PHILADELPHIA AMUSEMENTS.

Lydia Thompson comes in "The Dazzler" to the Park in April.

Francis Wilson in "The Merry Monarch" will be again at the Chestnut April 13.

"The Private Secretary" comes next week to the Grand Avenue, to be followed by Annie Ward in "The Step-daughter."

Sol Smith Russell plays the part of a "good young man" in E. E. Kidder's new comedy, "Bewitched," which he will produce at the Arch next week.

Joseph Murphy returns next week to the Walnut, presenting "The Doughty" and "Kerry Gow." This will probably be Mr. Murphy's farewell engagement.

Cleveland's Magnificent Minstrels, with Rice and Sweetman as leading entertainers, and with the wonderful "Japs," will be at the Grand Opera House next week.

Edward R. Mason, manager of "A Fair Rebel," the military drama that comes to the Park next week, will go to London in May to prepare for the production of the piece there.

The Pauline Hall Opera Company, at the Park the coming Summer, will include Lonnie Weldon, Charles H. Drew, Arthur E. Miller, Joseph E. Greenfield, Lionel J. Copley, Charles H. Burroughs and Ross Cook.

PERSONAL NOTES.

Harold Peirce and family, formerly of this place, spent Easter in Bristol.

Dr. F. E. Ritchie has accepted a position in the pharmacy of Eulen Martin.

Miss Nellie Boaz is visiting Miss Sallie A. Neitz, at Edgely, Montgomery Co.

Miss Warner, of Wilmington, Del., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Beatty.

Miss Anne Taylor, of Haddonfield, N. J., visited relatives in Bristol yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel W. Blingmyer, of Philadelphia, visited their relatives and friends in this place Sunday.

Miss Annie Landreth has returned from a visit of several weeks' duration to friends in Yonkers and New York.

Mrs. William H. Grundy and Miss Meta R. Grundy are back from several weeks' sojourn at Asheville, N. C.

Invitations have been issued by the bride's mother to the wedding reception on Wednesday evening, April 10th, of Mr. Charles F. Pray and Miss Jennie H. Seiber, of Brooklyn, N. Y. Mr. Pray is an old Bristol boy, and his many friends here extend their hearty congratulations.

BASE BALL ITEMS.

The Bristol base ball club will play a game with a picked nine on Saturday of this week. Next Saturday, the 11th instant, a game has been scheduled with the Young America, of Philadelphia, on the Bristol diamond.

The Philadelphia League base ball club will engage in a game with the Bristol club on Wednesday afternoon, the 8th instant, at 3:30 o'clock. This will be a good chance for the local lovers of the game to see the Phillies play.

OBITUARY.

Daniel Price, a well-known farmer, who resided between Oxford Valley and Fallowington, died last Thursday of apoplexy. The funeral services were held in the Friends' Meeting House in Fallowington, on Monday, at noon.

Robert K. Holt, an aged resident of this town, died on Saturday last of the debilities incident to old age, at the residence of his son, William Holt, on Market street. He was a native of, and always lived in Bristol, with the exception of a few years which he spent in Burlington, engaged in the avocation of a blacksmith, having his shop on Market street below Cedar. Mr. Holt was 80 years of age at the time of his death. The funeral services were held at the residence of his son on Market street, and were conducted by Rev. E. E. Burris.

Mrs. Hannah Titus died at the residence of her son, Edgar L. Titus, on Radcliffe street, on Sunday morning, of an intestinal trouble. Mrs. Titus was in the 78th year of her age, and was an old resident of Bristol.

Three sons, Edgar L., of this place, and Leopold and Charles, of Philadelphia, and two daughters, Mrs. Emily Landreth, of this place, and Mrs. Stephen B. Hubbs, of Philadelphia, survive her. The funeral services were held at her late residence on Tuesday afternoon, at two o'clock, and were conducted by Rev. E. P. Shields, D. D. The interment was in the Episcopal burying-ground.

AMPERE AND VOLT DEFINITIONS.

Bearing on the meaning of the much-used electrical measures—the ampere and the volt—Edison is said to have recently given the following explanation in a law-suit in which he figured as a witness:

"I will have to use the analogy of a waterfall to explain. Say we have a current of water and a turbine wheel. If I have a turbine wheel and allow 1,000 gallons per minute to fall from a height of one foot on the turbine I get a certain power, and we will say one horsepower. Now, the one foot fall will represent one volt of pressure in the turbine, and the thousand gallons of water will represent the amount of current; we will call that one ampere. Thus we have 1,000 gallons of water, or one ampere, falling one foot or one volt under the turbine gives one horsepower. If, now, we go 1,000 feet high and take one gallon of water and let it fall on the turbine wheel we will get the same power as we had before—1,000 times less current or less water, and we will have a 1,000th of an ampere in place of one ampere, and we will have 1,000 volts of pressure of one volt. Now, if we go 1,000 feet high and take one gallon of water and let it fall on the turbine wheel, it will be the pressure of volts in electricity. It is said that 1,000 gallons a minute fall

ing on a man from a height of one foot would be no danger to the man, and that if we took one gallon and took it up a height of 1,000 feet and let it fall down it would crush him. So it is not the quantity of current of water that does the damage, but the velocity or the pressure produces the effect."

CROWN AND SCEPTER.

Friedrich Wilhelm, the present heir apparent to the German throne, is a boy of nine years.

The Duke of Austria, while hunting near Rome, was thrown from his horse and painfully injured, his shoulder being dislocated.

The Princess of Wales has not altered the shape of her bonnet for years, although in other matters she follows the fashions of fashion.

Poor Christina of Spain has been ordered by her physicians to abstain herself from the capital and to take absolute rest for several months.

The czar owns a house in Holland, and is having it thoroughly overhauled and made sound. It was Peter the Great's house, at Zaandam.

King Otto's health is reported to be failing, and it is said that but for careful watching he would probably end his life like his brother Louis, the late king of Bavaria.

Kalakaun's coffin was made of kau and kau wood of about 500 pieces, over the handles were made of wood. No metal of any kind was to be seen except the inscription plate.

Prince Nicholas of Montenegro has notified the pope of his intention of paying a visit to the sultan. He will be accompanied by a numerous retinue, and will be the guest of Abdul Hamid.

Queen Marguerite of Italy is a learned lady as well as being a charming one, and can dazzle a servant with her linguistic powers, or a courtier with a display of the diamonds that few queens can rival.

The queen of Denmark is a fine pianist, and her daughter, the czarina, is nearly as good. The Danish court chamber music is a daily occupation, generally a quartet, with the queen at the piano. Beethoven and Brahms are the favorite composers.

Emperor William is writing, with the assistance of Professor Hinzpeter, his former master, a history of the Prussian army. Only 100 copies are to be printed, and these are to be presented to sovereigns and other distinguished personages.

ARMY AND NAVY NOTES.

Eleven battle ships are now being built for the German government.

Secretary Proctor has issued an order authorizing the enlistment in the army of not more than 2,000 Indians.

The Japanese naval minister urges that seventy-five vessels be added to his country's armament, almost doubling its strength.

Count Rottenburg, 10 years old, is the youngest lieutenant in the Prussian army. He is assigned to the First regiment of dragoons.

A bullet has just been patented the base of which as well as the body is covered by alloy non-fusible at any temperature where it is possible to generate in a gun barrel.

English officers are aghast at the proposition to abolish the cocked hat and feathers worn by the superior officers of the army. Major James, of the Sixteenth lanciers, started the idea.

Experiments are being made with Japanese lacquer at the Brooklyn navy yard to determine its value in protecting the hulls of steel cruisers from marine growths and the corrosive action of sea water.

India is making great strides in her defensive improvement of all kinds of types. The most noteworthy of these are the coast defenses. The principal harbors are already protected by submarine mines and torpedo boats.

Owing to the difficulties that have so often been found with the closed type of engines for electric light machinery, the English admiralty has abolished them in recent ships and substituted open engines of the compound type.

Secretary Proctor has awarded medals of honor to the following named enlisted men for gallantry in the action of Wounded Knee creek, S. D., in December last: First Sergeant Jacob Trautman, Troop I, Seventh Cavalry; and Paul H. Weimer, George Green and John Flood, all of Light Battery F, First artillery.

FUR, FEATHER AND FLOWER.

A woman in Michigan has a geranium 4 feet and 5 inches high.

A gentleman in America, Ga., has a cat which given birth to 353 kittens by accident.

They tell you of geraniums in California that grow so tall that you have to go up into the window of the second story to gather the flowers.

Hens and chickens worth \$2,000 apiece are shown at sighters at the poultry show in New York, white domestic type, worth each a few hundreds, were so common that they hardly won any notice.

It is stated that the muskrat is enabled to travel under the ice of a frozen river or against the ice roof where the bubble men of gas collect and getting a fresh supply of oxygen.

A bear which weighed 370 pounds was killed by Solomon F. Perry, of Rousesville, Ky., who has had the animal skinned and forth over Susquehanna river, for thirty-one days. The bear killed eleven dogs. The bear's hide showed twenty-seven bullet wounds.

An enormous tree in the Ocmulgee swamp, near Milledgeville, Ga., is evidently of great age. The tree is 100 ft. in diameter, with an aperture large enough to admit a tall man. The hollow extends upward for a distance of fifteen feet. The hollow at the base is twelve feet in diameter.

"Gentle Spring" loses many of its terrors when the life is fortified by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. With multitudes of wonderful tonics, however, the long-suffered all other spring medicines, being every where recommended by physicians.

THE CHILDREN'S health must not be neglected. Cold in the head causes catarrh, which even in its early stages is a danger. The worst cases yielding to it. Price 50 cents.

ONE of my children had a very bad discharge from her nose. Two physicians prescribed, but without benefit. We used Ely's Cream Balm, and much to our surprise, there was a marked improvement. The discharge was cured. O. A. Cary, Corning, N. York.

A Complete Establishment.

Johnson Brothers, the popular clothing store at the corner of Mill and Wood streets, are now ready for the Fall and Winter trade. They can dress a man from head to toe in the best style and for a small amount of cash. Their Clothing, Hats, Caps, Underwear, Hosiery, Shoes and Neckwear, are all of the latest styles and best makes. They have suits from \$5 to \$25, and a good suit from \$10 to \$30. Underwear from \$1.00 to \$3.00 per suit; and shoes, at various prices. For reliable goods, bought from standard houses, go to Johnson Brothers. They keep no auction trash upon their premises.

A Remedy for the Grippe.

A remedy for the grippe is the Kemp's Balm, which is especially adapted to diseases of the throat and lungs. Do not wait for the first symptoms of the disease, but get a bottle and keep it on hand for use the moment it is needed. If neglected the grippe has a tendency to bring on pneumonia. All druggists sell the Balm.

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

Electric Lighted and Steam Heated Vestibuled Trains, with Westinghouse Air Signaling, between Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis, daily.

Electric Lighted and Steam Heated Vestibuled Trains between Chicago, Council Bluffs and Omaha, daily.

Through Vestibuled Sleeping Cars, daily, between Chicago, Butte, Tacoma, Seattle, and Portland, Oregon.

Solid Trains between Chicago and principal points in Northern Wisconsin and the Peninsula of Michigan, daily.

Daily Trains between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Kansas City via the Hendrick Route. Through Sleeping Cars, daily, between St. Louis, St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The finest Dining Cars in the World. The Best Sleeping Cars. Electric Reading Lamps in Berths.

Large numbers of road in Illinois, Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, South Dakota and North Dakota. Everything First-Class.

First-Class People put-onize First-Class Lines.

Ticket Agents everywhere sell Tickets over the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

The Pennsylvania Railroad's April Tour to California.

The third tour of the Pennsylvania Railroad's series to the Golden Gate left New York last week, and now but one remains, which will leave April 14, and undoubtedly cover the most desirable route, both to and from the far Pacific Coast.

The special vestibule Pullman train, equipped with its drawing-room, sleeping, library and smoking, dining and observation cars, as well as a tourist agent in charge, and the West coasters, will look after those of their own sex, a stenographer and typewriter, in fact fitted out even to a barber, is this palace on wheels, which will in going West traverse the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, and California, where six side trips are included, as well as three whole weeks in the land of the sunny sky. Returning the train darts directly north from San Francisco, through California, Oregon and Washington, stopping at Portland and Tacoma, then runs east via the Northern Pacific Railroad through Idaho, Montana, North Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, Indiana, Ohio and home through Pennsylvania.

Tickets for the entire trip, including meals en route and Pullman transportation, together with several carriage rides and side trips, are but \$200. Applications for space should be made at once to Mr. George W. Boyd, assistant general passenger agent, Philadelphia.

A great many remedies are advertised, to bring them before the public, who decides whether the article is good or bad. The good reputation which Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup enjoys is a standing guarantee of its merits. Price only 25 cents.

The causes of catarrh and influenza are many, and the effects disastrous, but the remedy is safe and sure one, Old Bull's Catarrh Cure. It is known from east to west. Price only 25 cents.

My Head was Fairly Roasted.

And how much I suffered it is hard to describe. That loathsome disease, catarrh, caused the above, and the doctors said they could not relieve me. I paid hundreds of dollars, but got no relief. I received no benefit. I got more from two bottles of Sulphur Bitters than from all the money I paid to doctors. I shall continue the Sulphur Bitters, as I have great faith that they will cure me.—S. M. Day, 41 Hanover St., Boston.

SUFFERED.

The body of Julius Baer was found by fishermen five miles west of here Tuesday morning, in a terrible condition. His head and face were smashed, as was to be readily recognized, and numerous wounds were found on his body. Mr. Baer was sent for the great blood medicine, Sulphur Bitters. Robbery was undoubtedly the motive, as he was well known to have a large sum of money on his person. As yet no press there is no clue to the perpetrators.—Colorado Press.

Wanamaker's

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, March 30, 1891.

The best judges say no other roof in America covers so good and full an assortment of Black Dress Goods.

The best makers, the best dyers have had a hand in the matter. Carefullest buying helped. A stock of rare ripes. The styles and qualities you want are here. None of the rubbishy, rusty things that help to crowd shelves in so many places. This little list is only suggestive. You must look through and beyond it, to realize the length, breadth and richness of the gathering.

Silk and wool—

Silk-and-wool Hennessey, \$1 to \$5.
Silk-and-wool Drap d'Alma, \$1.25 to \$3.
Silk-and-wool Camel's Hair, \$1.25 to \$2.00.
Silk-and-wool Chamois, \$1.25 to \$2.00.
Silk-and-wool Challis, \$1.25 to \$2.00.
Silk-and-wool Cloth, \$1.25 to \$2.00.
Silk-and-wool Cravatte, \$1.25 to \$2.00.
Silk-and-wool Flannel, \$1.25 to \$2.00.
Silk-and-wool Fur, \$1.25 to \$2.00.
Silk-and-wool Hosiery, \$1.25 to \$2.00.
Silk-and-wool Linen, \$1.25 to \$2.00.
Silk-and-wool Lingerie, \$1.25 to \$2.00.
Silk-and-wool Mouseline, \$1.25 to \$2.00.
Silk-and-wool Rayon, \$1.25 to \$2.00.
Silk-and-wool Serge, \$1.25 to \$2.00.
Silk-and-wool Tulle, \$1.25 to \$2.00.
Silk-and-wool Vests, \$1.25 to \$2.00.

All silk—

All-Silk Grenadine, open mesh, 23 in. 75c to \$1.50.
All-Silk Grenadine, twisted, 23 in. 81c to \$2.00.
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These are plain Blacks, simply. Of fancy Blacks there's even more to say.

After all, in its way Challis, French Printed Challis, stands at the top of the light woolen stuffs. So billowy, so dainty, so exquisite in printing, so clinging when draped, so fit and dressey for any occasion. You see new beauties in it all the time. 60 cents.

Gloriosa is another of the queenly ones. A few seasons back unknown; now it carries the banner of style and quality in the front rank. You hear of Gloriosa here and there, but the knowing ones say there is but one generous, overflowing stock in town. You can guess where that is. It is no easy thing to put a silk and wool together right. You may learn that to your sorrow if you buy haphazard Gloriosa. The very best of very best is here: plain \$1.50, fancy \$1.75.

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All silk—

Wanamaker's and Clothing—Men's Clothing.

The thoughts go together. You count on getting here—for Man or Boy—the very best in ready-made that the market affords. Better than that. There's no "market" limitations. Whatever the possibility is, is the Wanamaker mark.

That's the theory. The proof is all around.

Meet a natty Business Suit on the street—from Wanamaker's very likely. So was that nobby Top Coat or that dressey Evening Rig, just as certainly.

The newest shadings and weavings show in the light Overcoats and Suits. This Spring the young men's fancy lightly turns to "wood brown." It's the tint that takes. Just the daintiest Oversack in this daintiest shade, \$15.

One of the newest things in Wall Papers is "Etched" Felt. Meant to do away with the plain look of simple Felt, and yet preserve the roughish, stippled effect that people of taste so prize in a wall covering just now. The "Etched" Felt is mostly in two tones—some patterns in two colors; any of it has a peculiar richness. 35c to \$1.50 the piece.

Another Wall Paper feature is the way woven stuffs of almost every kind have been simulated.

Here are Tapestries that you might mistake for Gobelins; here are Linen effects equal to the finest Dresden—if you keep far enough away.

Others (at 50c the piece) have the seeming of Moire Silk—marvelous mimicry. Cretonnes and Chintzes and all that, cool and comforting for walls of the summer rooms, come at 15 to 25c the piece.

Wall Papers of all the going styles crowd the sample shelves.

Have you been troubled to get just the right Picture Rod Moulding? Almost everybody has. We've been looking to that. Here are sorts and sorts that harmonize with the different Papers. You needn't have another Picture Rod Moulding worry.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

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